



Improving Emergency Department Care for Behavioral Health Clients Some structural and procedural Best Practices A Webinar on Practice-based Best Practices
October 12, 2011

Leslie Zun, MD Chair, Department of Emergency Medicine Mount Sinai Hospital and Chicago Medical School & Chair - National Update on Behavioral Health Emergencies

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Aims for the Webinar

- Describe Approaches for Improving operations for BHC patients seen in EDs
- Share results for improved flow and reduced overall time
- Describe Mt Sinai Health System Experience
- Give a brief description of the Nov30-Dec2 program in Las Vegas
- Answer questions Share ideas





Current Situation

- 2 Million people seek care for Behavioral Health Care problems each year in hospital EDs – cost about \$4 billion; 25% or 1 Billion is largely waste
- Much variation in ED expertise and training in MH/CD problems, leading to inadequate care and negative patient experience
- Staff often feel burdened by behavioral health patients
- Several other issues





Opportunities

- EDs have many preventable staff Injuries
- The problem with behavioral health patients in the ED is multi-faceted; with challenges of access to care etc.
- Administrators often view BHC in the ED as inefficient, costly & under reimbursed.
- Data shows improvements in BHC improve care to general acute and primary care patients, and vice-versa.
 And it is a crucial first step to reducing loss of life, and improving other outcomes
- Persons with serious mental health issues lose 25 years
 of life expectancy. A lack of coordination between general
 and behavioral needs is a prime contributor.





Starting Improvement Efforts

- The model for improvement: will, ideas execution &
- PDSA Tests of Change
- The Importance of a team and top level support -Recruiting a team
- Understanding your ED as system of care
- Involving consumers
- Setting goals





Measuring Outcomes

- Why this is crucial
- Establishing measures
- Getting data





IBHI Collaborative Measures

- Average Time of Patient Arrival to Triage
- Average Time of Patient Arrival to Interaction with Mental Health Professional
- Average Length of Stay in Emergency Room for Mental Health Patients
 - By Disposition
 - SPOE Evals only
 - Left Without Being Seen
- Number and Percent of Mental Health Patients Placed in Restraints in Emergency Room
- Average Time Mental Health Patient in Restraints in Emergency Room
- Willingness to Recommend





Achieving Improvement

- Where do Good Ideas come from?
- How do you Test and Adapt them?
- The importance of gradual implementation
- Key areas to consider Agitation; suicide
- The value of the Change Package –Ready
 Access to Good Ideas





Program Improvements Innovations and Changes

- Changed policies on disrobing. Using paper pajamas and scrubs
- Train all staff on reducing agitation Including security staff
- Establishing crisis beds outside ED
- Use of a nurse practitioner
- Behavior health professional as greeter
- Distinguish medical or more severe psych pts from those to be referred to outpatient settings





Achieving "Throughput"

- Keys to placement
- The In-patient connection
- Establishing community contacts





Program Improvements and Innovations

- Working with ED to see themselves as treatment setting as well as triage
- Developed a short suicide screening tool
- Made environmental changes, painted unit, improved lighting, redesigned entry door to prevent elopement



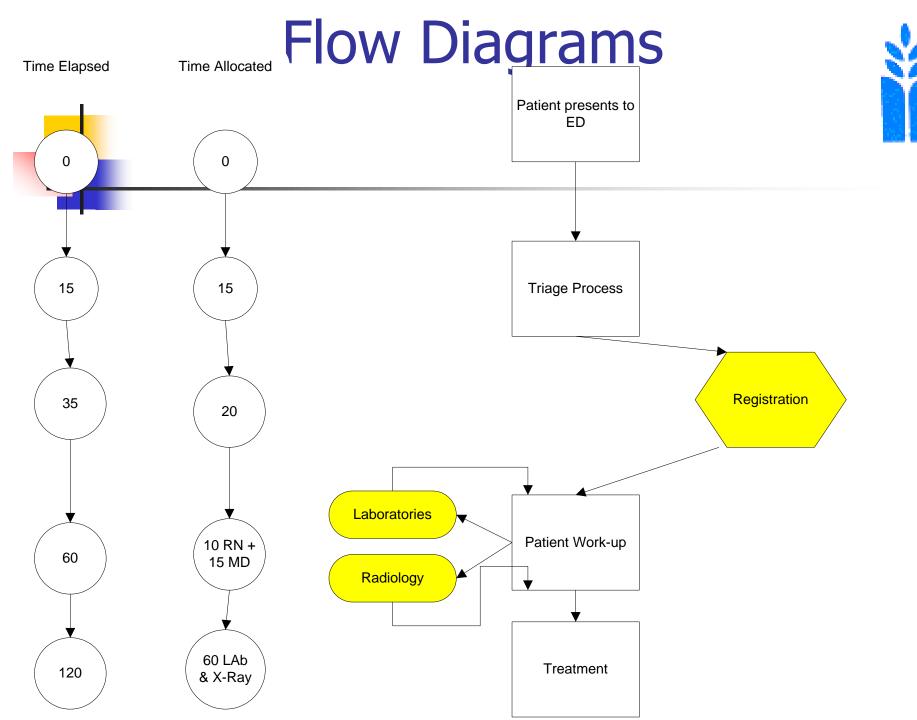
The Mt Sinai Experience

- What we did
- Who was involved
- What the result was



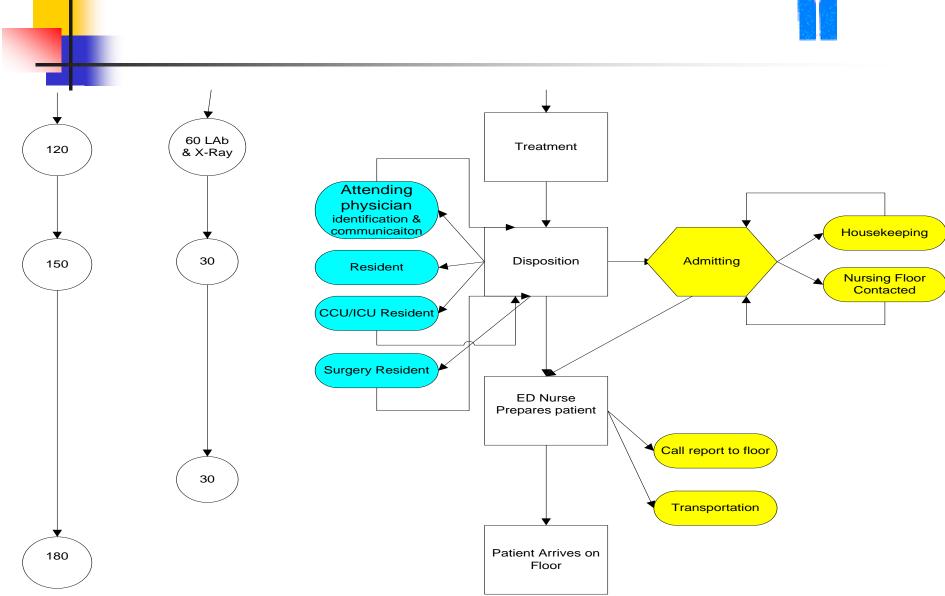


- What worked?
- What didn't?
- Where we still struggle?



Flow Diagrams







Door to Physician in Minutes 30 Initiative

- Top down, bottom up initiative
- Rapid cycle time 6 weeks
- No additional dollars to be expended
- Goals
 - Door to doctor < 30 minutes
 - Left without treatment < 2%</p>
- Process
 - Every department and service represented
 - Self-directed change in efficiency
 - Efficiency ideas presented to ED management





Benchmarks

| | Current | Goal |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------|
| LWOT Rate | 10.1% | <2.0% |
| Door to ED Room | 72 min | 30 min |
| Door to Fast Trac | k 57 min | 30 min |
| Decision to Bed | 159 min | 1 Hour |
| Door to ED Dispo | 6.8 hrs | 3.0 Hrs |
| Door to Fast Track Disposition | | |
| | 3.4 hrs | 1.5 Hrs |



Nursing Interventions

- RN standing orders in triage
 - Shortened triage process
 - In-room registration
 - Changed role of the charge nurse
 - Staff cross trained to do resp care, transport, ABGs or EKGs
 - Proper medications kept in ED
 - Ensure enough equipment and supplies carts
 - Quick fill of open RN positions
 - Move equipment close to staff
 - Quick fill of RN positions





- Added one exam room
- Changed patient flow in the fast track
- Registration in fast track
- Additional staff to include RN and MD (pediatrician)
- Moving patients to waiting room awaiting test results



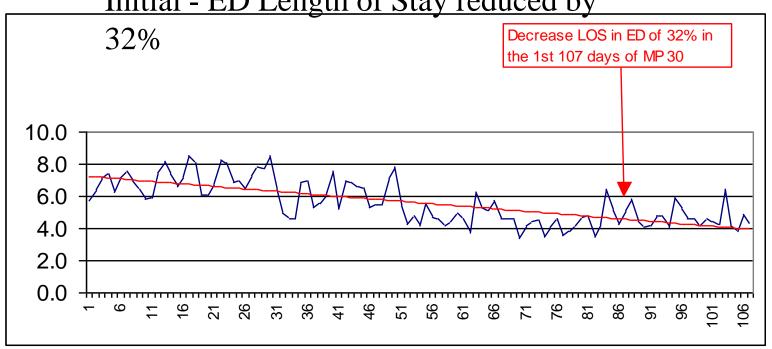
Hospital Interventions

- Bed Control
 - Started Bed Resource Coordinator
 - Changed who controls beds
 - Bed meetings
 - "A bed is a bed"
 - Bed cleaning priority
 - Telemetry and Critical care admission criteria
- Admissions
 - Admit unit
 - Admitting nurse
 - Fax report to the floors



Results

Initial - ED Length of Stay reduced by

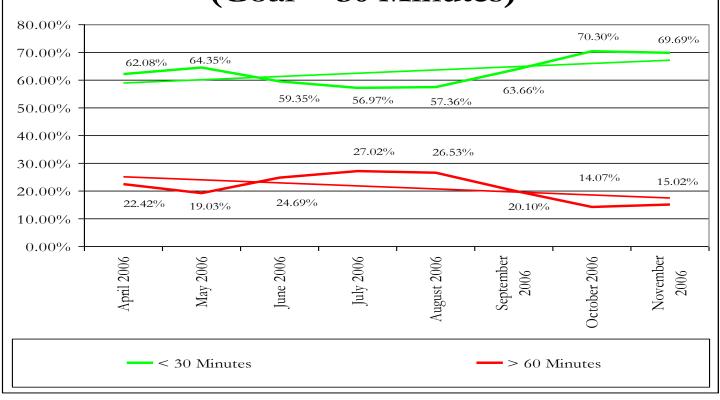


Recent – 242 minutes (4.03 hrs)



Initial Results



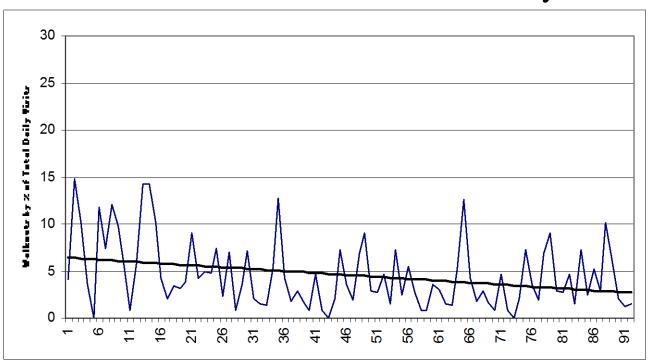


Recent Results – 53%



Results

Initial - Left without treatment reduced by 60%



Recent results – 1.6%



Recommendations

- Who to involve?
 - Full engagement from the top down
 - Input of line staff
 - Involvement of all departments
 - Commitment from the medical staff
- What process to use?
 - Rapid process redesign
 - Lean management
 - Look for "low hanging fruit"
 - Quick fixes



Recommendations

- Understand patient flow
 - Consider best practices
 - Where are the opportunities
 - ED and inpatient considerations
- ED Considerations
 - Quick triage
 - Bedside registration
 - Urgent care area with dedicated staff
 - Point of care testing
 - Increasing physical plant not necessarily the solution

National Update on Behavioral Emergencies

Conference objective - to improve the knowledge about psychiatric patients and to enhance collaboration among care givers in the emergency department for patients with behavioral emergencies.

Invited participants - emergency physicians and nunes, physician assistants, psychiatrists and psychiatric nurses, mental health workers, psychologists and social workers.

Speakers

Les Zun, MD . Conference Chair

Joe Borlin Bonjamin Brogman Peter Brown Sessie Bruch Gloven Currier Suzanne Dooley Hash Auries Fishkind Roberta Glick Clarke Gray

David Howes Port Lose ID McCourt hosoph Mionahoe Torry Mg Impoda Pasic Soth Powsmor Mirchael Pullin

Divy Ravindranath

Desek Robinson Richard Shih Ed Sloon Array Swignton Chuck Weis Michael Wilson Scortt Zießer

Endorsements.

Sinal Hoelth System The Chicago Medical School American Academy of Emergency Medicine American Association for Emergency Psychiatry

CME Approved for ACEP & AMA Catagory 1 Credit. CEUs available for RNs, PAs & SWs



5600 at the conference Reduced fee for residents and students CASE floors are non-refundadout

For thore information contact: Thene Burke, Conference Coundinator Phone: (779) 257-6589 + E-mail: burtr@sinai.org

In register on-line go to www.behaviorslemergencies.com



SAVE THE DATES!

December 1st & 2nd

Flamingo Las Vegas

Pre-Conference Seminar - November 30 \$250 to advance \$350 at the coeference

Systems Charge and How Improvement for Debayteral Hoelth Clients in the SD. Sponsored by Institute for Behavioral Road Course Improvement For more information; www.lbhi.netteuobe2611seminar

The only 2-day conference on Behavioral Emergencies

Topics and Schedule (fentative)

Day 1 * Thursday, December 1

- In Testing Needed: Medical Clear arco Process.
- Reducing My Agitation with the Agitated Patient
- What Does the Toxicology Scroon and BAL Mean?
- In the Patient on Drugs or Withdrawing?
- Psychiatric Boarders in the ED
- Identifying and Assessing Suicidal and Depressed Patients
- They are Not Little Adults: Pediatric Psychiatric Emergencies.
- PTW: Psychology Manifestations of Disasters and Terrarien
- Collaborating with Inpubling Psychiatry.
- The Delimous Patient
- Transfer and EMTALA Regulations.
- Gaining Consensus on the Agitated Patient: BETA project.
- Caring for the Purchistric Patient How Does it All Add Up
- Adverse Events Associated with Psychiatric Medications.

Day 2 * Friday, December 2

- Difficult Psychiatric Presentations: Personality, Factitious and Sociopattive Discorders
- Debastural bases in Trasmatic Brain Ingary
- Rais of Telegrychistry
- I Feet Atticious and Panicky
- 1 Hear Scary Watcon
- Informed Conwert, Civil Commitment and Other Legal Issues
- Process Improvement Examples
- How to Evaluate and Treat the Eating Disorder Patient
- Using Advanced Interviewing Techniques.
- Effective De-escalation Techniques.
- Safe and Appropriate Restraint and Sockation Utilization
- Brief Interventions in the ED
- Scientific Session/Nessaich in Emergency Psychiatry

Competency Examination (additional feet



Contact Information:

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- •Peter Brown, Executive Director, IBHI peter@ibhi.net; (518) 732-7178 www.ibhi.net
- National Update on Behavioral Emergencies November 30-December 2, 2011, Las Vegas, NV http://www.sinai.org/conference/conference.asp

Thank You