

**Webinar Series on Innovation and Re-Design of
Systems of
Behavioral Health Care
May 25, 2011
3:00 PM**

IBHI

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About IBHI: IBHI is a charitable organization formed in 2006 dedicated exclusively to improving the quality and outcome of mental and substance use (behavioral) health care.

Our AIM: Create a national learning organization and movement to invite organizations out of their silos. Bring people together to translate a passion for quality improvement into sustained action that dramatically improves behavioral health care outcomes.

To learn more about translating a passion for quality Improvement check out our web page www.ibhi.net IBHI is a national organization: Home Office – Albany New York



Behavioral Health Integration

Southcentral Foundation 2011 Nuka Conference

Presenters: Wendy Bradley, LPC



Objectives

- § Examine How We Integrate Consultants into Primary Care
- § Define the Benefits for Both Customer-owners and Clinicians
- § Extrapolate How this Model Might Apply to Other Organizations

Background

- § Our first attempt at integration failed
 - § One “integrated” behaviorist in Pediatrics only
 - § We were co-located, not integrated
 - § We needed to identify the best fit for staffing the BHC position
- § Benchmarking best practices
 - § Cherokee Health System, Knoxville TN
 - § 4 quadrant model

Background

- § Treated the BHC integration as an improvement project
 - § Annual plan with measurement and due dates
 - § Multi-disciplinary team
 - § Worked with a consultant from Cherokee Health System

Models of Integration

- § Diversification – BHC is an active member of the Integrated Care Team
- § Co-location – Behavioral Health Professional located on site providing traditional behavioral health services
- § Referral – Behavioral health services provided by contracted agency
- § Enhancement – train primary care providers to provide behavioral health services



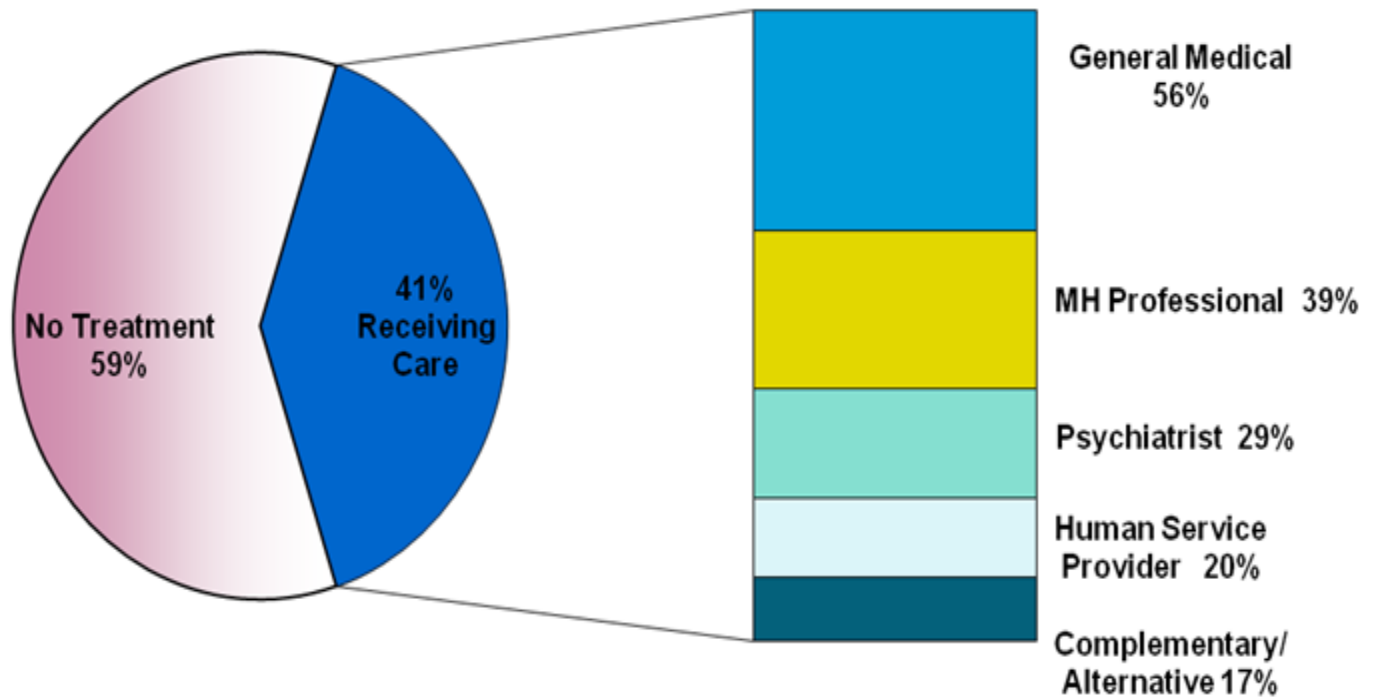
Why We Integrated Behavioral Health in FMC and Peds

- § Behavioral and Psychosocial factors in etiology and treatment of physical disease
- § Primary Care as the locus of treatment for mental health disorders
- § Financial Advantages
- § Improved quality of care
- § Customer & provider satisfaction
- § Illustrates Biopsychosocial model
- § Meets patients “where they are”
- § Unifies medical and mental health practice



National Comorbidity Survey Replication

Provision of Behavioral Health Care: Setting of Service



A Framework to Integrated Care

- § Behavioral Health is ROUTINE component of medical care (charts are integrated)
- § Shifting Boundaries of Care
 - § Location
 - § Staffing
- § Scope of Integration
 - § Horizontal
 - § Vertical

What We Do

- § Consultation and education to providers and case managers on behavioral health issues
- § Provide psycho-educational materials and workbooks to aid in treatment and understanding
- § Screening, assessment, brief intervention, education and follow-up/monitoring for patients experiencing mental/medical health issues and life stresses
- § Joint visits and care conferences with provider teams for complex cases
- § Consultation with specialists, referral for longer term therapeutic interventions

What We Do

- § Assess depression using the Prime MD
- § Assess substance abuse using the AUDIT & CRAFFT
- § Assess cognitive function using the MMSE
- § Assess child development using the ASQ and M/CHAT, SDQ
- § Assess behavioral functioning for chronic pain using the MBMD/SCL 90

Traditional vs. Integrated Model

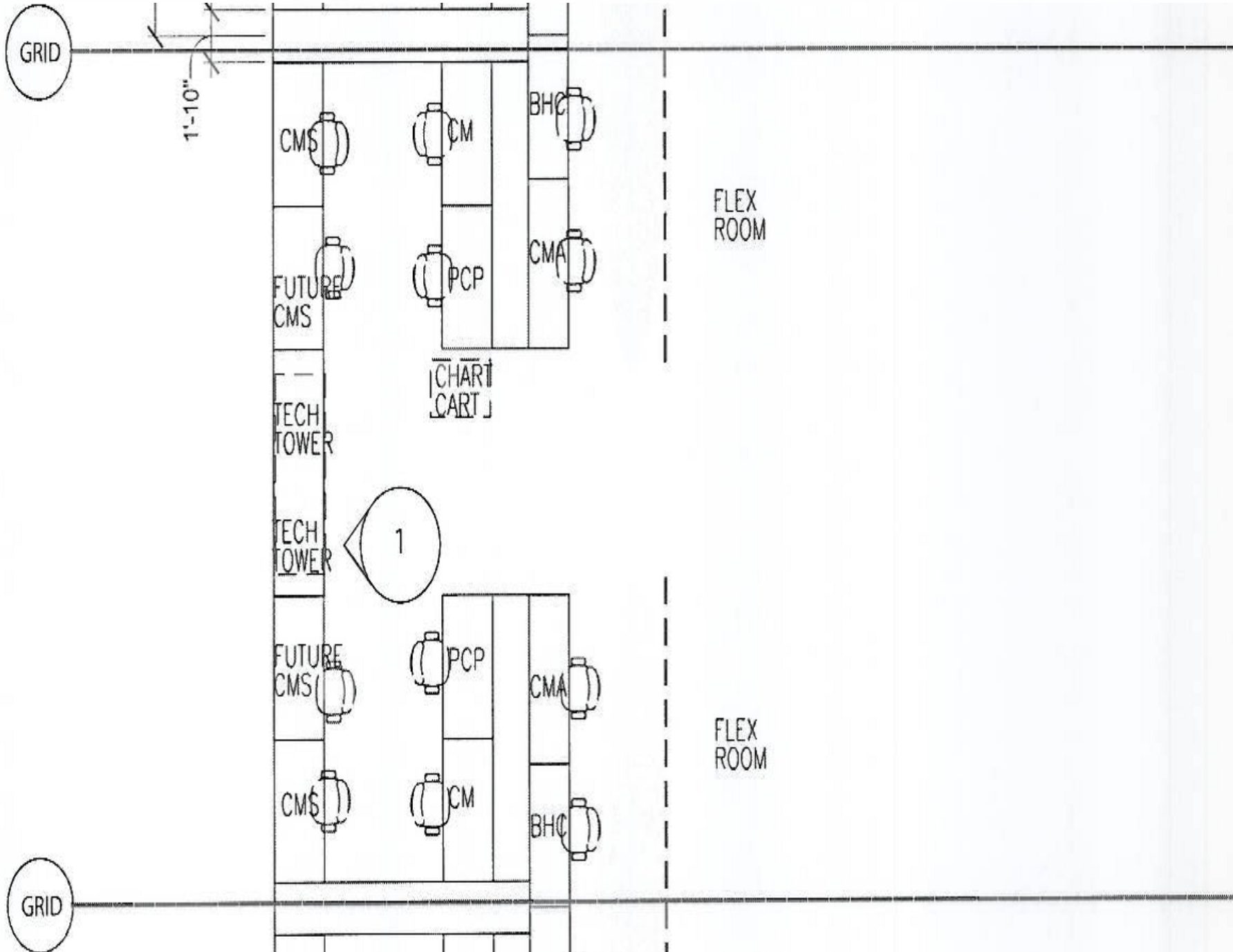
§ Traditional

- § Separate offices
- § Separate notes
- § Comprehensive BH documentation
- § Emphasis on history
- § 50 minute therapy session
- § Referral to specialty care for BH issues

§ Integrated

- § Co-located
- § Seen in exam room
- § Same chart
- § Brief documentation
- § Focus on presenting problem and functional outcomes
- § 20-25 minute interaction
- § Consultation and co-management





Challenges

- § Acceptance and understanding within the Behavioral Health Community
- § Acceptance by Primary Care Providers
- § Space
- § Recruiting
- § Funding
- § Data

Recruiting BHC's

- § Fit is everything
- § Not every Behavioral Health professional is cut out to be a BHC
- § Characteristics of successful BHC's

Clinician Skills

- § Knowledge of Integrated Care Model
- § Strong diagnostic and therapeutic skills
- § Prevention and Patient Ed
- § Brief Solution-Focused Treatment
- Motivational Interviewing
- Communication & consultant skills
- Team player, visible, flexible, available
- Masters Level, ANP, or Ph.D/Psy.D
- “Primary Care Mental Health”



Primary Care Provider Training

- § Needs assessment
- § Formal training
- § Regular, informal one on one training
- § BHC in primary care provider interviews
- § Motivational Interviewing Training

Acceptance by Behavioral Health Profession

- § Education
- § General vs. Specific
- § Therapeutic vs. Therapy
- § Functional outcomes

Benefits

- § Redirects mental health related office visits and provides access to appropriate services
- § Frees providers time and resources to allow for more efficient use of limited appointment time
- § Provides customers with a more comprehensive evaluation of symptoms and issues
- § Offers providers an in-clinic specialty resource for challenging cases
- § Customers have immediate access to BHC and follow up same day access
- § Team approach to care

Current Initiatives

- § Chronic Pain Collaboration
- § Preconception to Age 5
- § Wellness plan program
- § Internships with local universities
- § Specialty clinic collaboration
- § YES program for adolescents

Co location

- § Suboxone Clinic
- § TBI collaboration
- § Case Management
- § BSD Screeners
- § Colocated traditional Therapists

Success Data

- § # customers with > 6 Visit utilization in 6 months has decreased since BHC Integration
 - § -ER 19%, UC 25%, FMC 15%, Peds 39%
- § 77% Primary Care Clinic staff reported increased efficiency
- § 88% Primary Care Clinic staff are more satisfied with their job since BHC Integration
- § 91% increase in access to Behavioral Health Service
- § 23,778 customer visits to BHCs in 2010
- § Reduction in anti-depressants and narcotic medication and lab orders

Next Steps

- § Develop BHC track in local university
- § Working with state on Medicaid billing
- § Increasing local programs for developmental delays
- § Expanded training and model consistency

Getting Started

§ Start Small

§ Choose one or two clinical areas to focus on

§ Ex: depression and substance abuse

§ Educate staff on benefits of integration

§ Review success stories / focus on what has worked

Quyana
Maasee'
Ba-see
Quyanaq
Gunalche'esh
Ha'w'aa
Qagaasakung

(Central Yupik)

(Gwich'in Athabascan)

(Koyukon Athabascan)

(Inupiaq)

(Tlingit)

(Haida)

(Aleut)

...Thank You!

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Questions?

Innovation Webinar Series on Improving Care for Behavioral Healthcare Clients

July 6, 2011 at 3:00 PM

Integration Lessons from Medicaid Redesign – TennCare
William G. Wood, MD PhD, FAPA, CMO Behavioral Health,
AMERIGROUP Community Care of Tennessee

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